Rotor 38

- Français
- English

Downloadable files
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Open access

Git project

About

Rotor 38 is part of a research program to study a advanced-core compressor design with a high compression ratio (20:1). It is therefore the fourth stage rotor of this eight stage transonic compressor. Of these eight stages, the first four have been designed and tested : rotors 35, 36, 37 and 38. For more information, here is a link to report from NASA.

- Original technical report [(cite:moore1982design>Moore. «Performance of Single-Stage Axial-Flow Transonic Compressor With Rotor and Stator Aspect Ratios of 1.63 and 1.77, Respectively, and With Design Pressure Ratio of 2.05 » 1982. pdf)]:

```
@TechReport{moore1982design,
  author           = {Moore, R. D. and Reid, Lonnie},
  date             = {1982},
  institution      = {NASA Lewis Research Center Cleveland, OH, United
States},
  title            = {Performance of Single-Stage Axial-Flow Transonic
Compressor With Rotor and Stator Aspect Ratios of 1.63 and 1.77,
Respectively, and With Design Pressure Ratio of 2.05},
  number           = {NASA-TP-2001},
  url              = {https://ntrs.nasa.gov/citations/19820014395},
}
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- Picture :



Fig1. https://catalog.archives.gov/id/17466806

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@Misc{brown1977records,
author   = {Brown, M.},
title    = {Rotor 35 - Rotor 38 - Stator 35 in casing. {R}ecords of the
{N}ational {A}eronautics and {S}pace {A}dministration, 1903 - 2006.
{P}hotographs relating to agency activities, facilities and personnel, 1973 -
2013},
note     =
{\href{https://catalog.archives.gov/id/17466806}{https://catalog.archives.gov/
id/17466806}, 1977 }, % for Fig. 1}
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Useful documents

- downloadable models (Git project)
  - NASA technical report (.pdf)
  - geometrical parameters file (.csv), usable as input of OpenMCAD[(cite:Kojtych_2022_gene_aubes>Kojtych S., Batailly A. «OpenMCAD, an open blade generator: from Multiple-Circular-Arc profiles to Computer-Aided Design model» 2022. code en libre accès)] to generate reference blade models.

Reference blade

The **reference blade** is defined with multiple-circular arc profiles[(cite:Crouse_1969_computer)] given in the original NASA report[(cite:moore1982design)]. Corresponding models are computed with the open-source code OpenMCAD[(cite:Kojtych_2022_gene_aubes)].

Geometry

The geometry of rotor 38 is described in the original NASA report by the following tables. The length are in centimeters and the angles in degrees.

(a) Rotor 38

RP	PERCENT SPAN	RADII RI	RADII RO	BLADE ANGLES KIC	BLADE ANGLES KTC	BLADE ANGLES KOC	DELTA INC	CONE ANGLE
TIP	0.	25.283	24.770	62.69	65.32	55.39	2.38	-15.363
1	5.	24.979	24.459	62.05	64.34	53.70	2.68	-14.949
2	10.	24.641	24.148	61.34	63.25	52.12	2.98	-13.674
3	15.	24.297	23.837	60.59	62.14	50.83	3.22	-12.304
4	30.	23.231	22.904	58.53	58.87	47.21	3.63	-7.979
5	50.	21.762	21.660	56.51	54.97	41.52	4.35	-2.243
6	70.	20.236	20.416	54.16	51.32	34.46	5.63	3.612
7	85.	19.020	19.483	52.74	48.16	26.64	6.61	8.643
8	90.	18.593	19.172	52.55	47.49	23.76	6.88	10.561
9	95.	18.151	18.861	52.51	47.06	20.74	7.18	12.701
HUB	100.	17.780	18.550	52.52	46.76	17.69	7.43	13.547

RP	BLADE THICKNESSES TI	BLADE THICKNESSES TM	BLADE THICKNESSES TO	AXIAL DIMENSIONS ZI	AXIAL DIMENSIONS ZMC	AXIAL DIMENSIONS ZTC	AXIAL DIMENSIONS ZO
TIP	.021	.149	.021	.504	1.738	1.717	2.371
1	.022	.157	.022	.479	1.717	1.706	2.425
2	.022	.166	.022	.450	1.695	1.687	2.477
3	.023	.174	.023	.418	1.672	1.656	2.525
4	.025	.202	.026	.311	1.622	1.526	2.648
5	.029	.239	.030	.200	1.586	1.409	2.797
6	.032	.278	.033	.109	1.522	1.304	2.958
7	.036	.311	.036	.039	1.485	1.277	3.083
8	.037	.323	.037	.021	1.468	1.226	3.122
9	.038	.336	.038	.009	1.452	1.179	3.159
HUB	.039	.346	.039	.000	1.438	1.138	3.194

Aerodynamic design

	unit	value
pressure ratio	[-]	2.05
mass flow	[kg/s]	20.2
tip speed	[m/s]	455
tip solidity	[-]	1.3
aspect ratio	[-]	1.63
number of blades	[-]	48
rotative speed	[rad/s]	1800

Material properties

Rotor 38 is made of a 200-grade maraging steel[(cite:reid1978designandoverall>Reid. «Design and overall performance of four highly loaded, high-speed inlet stages for and advanced high-pressure-ratio core compressor» 1978. pdf)], but the exact material properties are not provided in the NASA report.

Considered properties: 18-Ni-200-maraging steel :

	unit	value
alloy	[-]	18-Ni-200-maraging

	unit	value
Young's modulus	[GPa]	180
density	[kg/m3]	8000
Poisson's ratio	[-]	0.3
yield stress	[GPa]	1.38

CAD model

The CAD model is computed with the open source code OpenMCAD[(cite:Kojtych_2022_gene_aubes)].



pressure side



suction side

Natural frequencies

First three natural frequencies (with clamped root) for the mesh computed with OpenMCAD[(cite:Kojtych_2022_gene_aubes)]:

Mode	Type	Natural angular frequency (rad/sec)	Natural frequency (Hz)
1	1B	3761.51	598.663

Mode	Type	Natural angular frequency (rad/sec)	Natural frequency (Hz)
2	1T	13484.22	2146.08
3	2B	14745.63	2346.84

Initial blade

The **initial blade** is defined with in-house LAVA parameters[(cite:Kojtych_2022_Methodology)] computed from the reference blade CAD model. The initial blade is usually used as starting point for an optimization process. Its geometry is similar to the one of the reference blade.

Natural frequencies

First three natural frequencies (with clamped root)

- from the whole mesh:

Mode	Type	Natural angular frequency (rad/sec)	Natural frequency (Hz)
1	1B	3789.68	603.147
2	1T	13601.09	2164.68
3	2B	14970.57	2382.64

- from the reduced order model:

Mode	Type	Natural angular frequency (rad/sec)	Natural frequency (Hz)
1	1B	3789.92	603.185
2	1T	13606.43	2165.53
3	2B	14983.45	2384.69

Fichiers téléchargeables
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Libre accès

lien vers le projet Git

À propos

Le rotor 38 appartient à un programme de recherche visant à étudier une conception de compresseur possédant un grand taux de compression (20:1). Il est donc le rotor du quatrième étage de ce compresseur transsonique de huit étages. Parmi ces huit étages, les quatre premiers ont été conçus et testés, ils correspondent aux rotors 35, 36, 37 et 38. Pour plus d'information, voici un lien vers rapport de la NASA.

- Rapport technique original[(cite:moore1982design>Moore. «Performance of Single-Stage Axial-Flow Transonic Compressor With Rotor and Stator Aspect Ratios of 1.63 and 1.77, Respectively, and With Design Pressure Ratio of 2.05 » 1982. pdf)]:

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  date              = {1982},
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- Photographie :



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{P}hotographs relating to agency activities, facilities and personnel, 1973 -
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note     =
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id/17466806}, 1977 }, % for Fig. 1}
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Documents utiles

- modèles téléchargeables (lien vers projet Git)
  - rapport technique original de la NASA (.pdf)
  - fichier de paramètres géométriques (.csv), utilisable en entrée de OpenMCAD[(cite:Kojtych_2022_gene_aubes>Kojtych S., Batailly A. «OpenMCAD, an open blade generator: from Multiple-Circular-Arc profiles to Computer-Aided Design model» 2022. code en libre accès)] pour générer l'aube de référence

Aube de référence

L'**aube de référence** est définie par des profils de type arcs circulaires multiples[(cite:Crouse_1969_computer>Crouse *et al*. «A computer program for composing compressor blading from simulated circular-arc elements on conical surfaces » 1969. NASA-TN-D-5437. pdf)], donnés dans le rapport technique original de la NASA[(cite:moore1982design)]. Les modèles associés sont obtenus avec le code en libre accès OpenMCAD[(cite:Kojtych_2022_gene_aubes)].

Géométrie

La géométrie du rotor 38 est décrite dans le rapport d'origine de la NASA par les tableaux suivants. Les grandeurs sont en centimètres et en degrés.

(a) Rotor 38

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8	90.	18.593	19.172	52.55	47.49	23.76	6.88	10.561
9	95.	18.151	18.861	52.51	47.06	20.74	7.18	12.701
HUB	100.	17.780	18.550	52.52	46.76	17.69	7.43	13.547

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3	.023	.174	.023	.418	1.672	1.656	2.525
4	.025	.202	.026	.311	1.622	1.526	2.648
5	.029	.239	.030	.200	1.586	1.409	2.797
6	.032	.278	.033	.109	1.522	1.304	2.958
7	.036	.311	.036	.039	1.485	1.277	3.083
8	.037	.323	.037	.021	1.468	1.226	3.122
9	.038	.336	.038	.009	1.452	1.179	3.159
HUB	.039	.346	.039	.000	1.438	1.138	3.194

Caractéristiques aérodynamiques

	unités	**valeurs**
taux de compression	[-]	2,05
débit massique	[kg/s]	20,2
vitesse en tête	[m/s]	455

	unités	valeurs
solidité en tête	[-]	1,3
allongement	[-]	1,63
nombre d'aubes	[-]	48
vitesse de rotation	[rad/s]	1800

Propriétés matériau

Le matériau du rotor 38 est un alliage à base de nickel : un acier maraging de grade 200[(cite:reid1978designandoverall>Reid. «Design and overall performance of four highly loaded, high-speed inlet stages for and advanced high-pressure-ratio core compressor» 1978. pdf)], mais ses caractéristiques ne sont pas fournies dans le raport de la NASA.

Propriétés considérées : alliage 18-Ni-200-maraging

	unité	valeurs
alliage	[-]	18-Ni-200-maraging
module d'Young	[GPa]	180
masse volumique	[kg/m3]	8000
coefficient de Poisson	[-]	0,3
limite élastique	[GPa]	1,38

Modèle CAO

Le modèle CAO est obtenu avec OpenMCAD[(cite:Kojtych_2022_gene_aubes)].



intrados



extrados

Fréquences propres

Fréquences des trois premiers modes (noeuds du pied d'aube encastrés) pour le maillage obtenu avec OpenMCAD[(cite:Kojtych_2022_gene_aubes)] :

Mode	Type	Pulsation propre (rad/sec)	Fréquence propre (Hz)
1	1F	3761,51	598,663
2	1T	13484,22	2146,08
3	2F	14745,63	2346,84

Aube initiale

L'**aube initiale** est définie par des paramètres spécifiques au LAVA[(cite:Kojtych_2022_Methodology>Kojtych S. *et al*. «Methodology for the Redesign of Compressor Blades Undergoing Nonlinear Structural Interactions: Application to Blade-Tip/Casing Contacts » 2022. Journal of Engineering for Gas Turbines and Power, Vol. 145, No. 5. pdf)] obtenus à partir du modèle CAO de l'aube de référence. L'aube initiale est classiquement utilisée comme point de départ dans le cadre de procédures d'optimisation; sa géométrie est similaire à celle de l'aube de référence.

Fréquences propres

Fréquences des trois premiers modes (noeuds du pied d'aube encastrés),

- pour le maillage complet :

Mode	Type	Pulsation propre (rad/sec)	Fréquence propre (Hz)
1	1F	3789,68	603,147
2	1T	13601,09	2164,68
3	2F	14970,57	2382,64

- pour le modèle réduit :

Mode	Type	Pulsation propre (rad/sec)	Fréquence propre (Hz)
1	1F	3789,92	603,185
2	1T	13606,43	2165,53
3	2F	14983,45	2384,69

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Document issu de la page wiki:
https://wiki.lava.polymtl.ca/public/modeles/rotor_38/accueil?rev=1679282495

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